

MANUAL MANUAL



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1 CHECKLINE II MAINTENANCE INFORMATION

1.1 Overview

The Checkmate CheckLine II system requires maintenance at least annually by a Checkmate trained competent person working for a Checkmate approved authorised service agent. This manual provides details of the maintenance requirements

1.2 Function of the CheckLine II System

The CheckLine II system provides a continuous anchor point for a harness connection, via a lanyard, where there is a risk of a fall from height.

Permanently fixed lifelines are categorised into two types, see below. A fall restraint system is much safer than fall arrest, which must only be used when a fall restraint system cannot be configured.

- Fall Restraint This tethers the user and prevents him from reaching a position from which he may fall. This provides the best protection and eliminates the need for a rescue, by removing the possibility of a fall occurring while the user is attached to the system.
- Fall Arrest This also tethers the user but does not limit movement to a fall restraint. It provides a safe working environment where it is not possible to configure a fall restraint system. The user is not prevented from falling, but is protected in the event of a fall. If a fall occurs the system will absorb energy and bring the user to rest suspended from the system. When a fall occurs a rescue must be undertaken by trained personnel using full safety equipment. It is imperative to the health of the user that a rescue is performed as soon as possible.

1.3 Cable Tension

The tension in the cable is important to ensure the correct operation of the system. If the tension is too little, the cable will sag excessively, possibly lay on the floor, and may also cause problems with the trolley passing over the brackets smoothly. If the tension is too great the system will not offer the required energy absorption properties to minimise injury if a fall occurs. It may also damage the system or the surface to which the system is attached. Systems of greater than 20 metres, or those which have more than two corners, must be fitted with an adjuster at each end. For a simple system under this length it may be sufficient to have an adjuster at one end only. Different types of adjuster are explained in section **Error! Reference source not found.**, along with procedures for applying the correct level of tension in the system.

The correct tension must take into account the span between fixing points and the weight of the cable. Refer to 1.4 for examples of allowable sag in the cable when the system is fully tensioned.

Under no circumstances can the system be used if the cable tension is in the Red zone.

1.3.1 Correct Tension for TopFix Installations

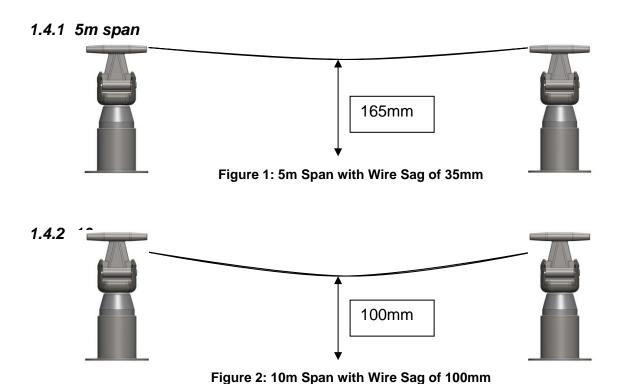
On TopFix installations refer to 1.4 for examples of allowable sag in the cable. This is to be used as a guide to the minimum tension in the system. When using TopFix posts, lower tensions are recommended than structural systems. This is controlled by the top scale on the loadcell, marked "TopFix systems", and is indicated by the pin sitting entirely within the green zone. As a rule, tension the system until the pin just sits fully in the green zone, and provided the sag is within the limits set out in 1.4, do not tension further. Allow at least 30 minutes for the system to stabilise and equalise across its entirety. Check tensions again and adjust if necessary.

1.3.2 Correct Tension for Wall Installations

When installing a system directly onto a wall, the cable can be tensioned more than in the case of the TopFix system. The bottom scale labelled "IDS systems" is to set the tension on wall installations. The green zone is extended to allow for more tension to be applied to the system.

1.4 Sag Allowance in Wire.

With no deflection (sag) the cable lays 200mm above the ground (measured to the centre line of the cable). Figure 1 and Figure 2 demonstrate example sag values for 5 and 10m spans. These are based on a system which has been correctly tensioned, and should be used as a guide to the expected amount of sag in a system. Cable sag should not be a cause for concern unless the amount of sag exceeds these levels.



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1.5 Parts List for CheckLine II System

Posts-Ends-Corners-Brackets

Part Code	Description	
	Please note prices below are Ne	st .
PPESLL-501	Topfix intermediate post	
PPESLL-502	Topfix post end	
PPESLL-504	End bracketc/wigasket	
PPESLL-505	Intermediate bracket	
PPESLL-507	Topfix stand alone post	
PPESLL-514	Crossove r post on TF post	
PPESLL-516	T-Junction on ITM post	
PPESLL-518	WallcornerInternal	
PPESLL-532	Overhead bracket Trolley not included	

Part Code	Description	
PPESLL-110	Toggle end swageless	
PPESLL-111	Toggle end swage ad juster	
PPESLL-112	Toggle ends ad juster	
PPESLL-113	Toggle end swage	
PPESLL-114	Load ce II	
PPESLL-115	Damper	Checktine Single Lifetine I D S - Inline Damper System
PPESLL-365	Splicer-tube (rope joiner)	

Part Code	Description	
	Please note prices below are Nett	
PPESLL-503	Topfix corner ad justable bracket Plus 2off Tubes, type to be advised	
PPESLL-509	Comer bracket assembly Plus 2 off Tubes, type to be advised	
PPESLL-511	Comer bracket Plus Zoff Tubes, type to be advised	
PPESLL-307	Comertube 45°	
PPESLL-328	Straight tube	
PPESLL-345	Comertube 15°	

Part Code	Description	
	Please note prices below are Nett	
PPESLL-119C	333x Æ0mm Topfix base plate	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
PPESLL-120C	300x 306 mm Topfix base plate	
PPESLL-121C	333X 225 mm Topfix base plate	
PPESLL-122C	333x400mm Topfix base plate	
PPESLL-123C	333x500mm Topfix base plate	

Description Please note prices below are Nett	Pric
Adjustable rolled seam roof plate Stainless steel power coated	
Adjustable rolled seam roof plate c/w feet Stainless steel powder coated	
Adjustable rolled seam roof plate Galvanised steel power coated	
Adjustable rolled seam roof plate c/w feet Galvanised steel powder coated	
Foot - Stainless steel	
Foot- Powdercoated	
SS mini Standing seam clamp	
Min 1 Week hire	2
	Adjustable rolled seam roof plate Stainless steel power coated Adjustable rolled seam roof plate c/w feet Stainless steel powder coated Adjustable rolled seam roof plate Galvanised steel power coated Adjustable rolled seam roof plate Galvanised steel powder coated Adjustable rolled seam roof plate c/w feet Galvanised steel powder coated Foot - Stainless steel Foot - Powder coated SS mini Standing seam clamp

Part Code	Description Please note prices below are Nett	
PPESLL-387	Green Roof Plate with fixed post & 6 fixing holes	
PPESLL-384	Green Roof Plate with fixed post & 6 fixing holes	
PPESLL-124	250X 370 mm Topfix base plate for concrete roof c/w rubber gasket	
PPESI.1-124SQ	340X 340 mm Topfix base plate for concrete roof c/w rubbergasket	
PPESLL-388	255x255 Standard Rise Post Plate ç/w rubber gasket	ASSEVELED PLATE
PPESLL-323	250mm Rise r Post for PPESLL-388 plate	\odot

(Available in other lengths)

Part Code	Description	
	Please note prices below are Nett	
PPEC-8MM 7X7	8 mm 7x7 stainless steel wire rope	
PPESLL-131	95 mini Standing seam clamp	
РРЕГАВ-03	Checkline system install plate	
PPESLL-512	Checkball trolley non-removable	
PPESLL-515	Checkline trolley removable	
PPESUL-513	Mid spangateway	
	upen Closed	
PPESLL-517	Upen Closed End Gate way	
PPESLL-395	Crossover plate	1
PPESLL-519	Overhead trolley	
	Fixings	
TEK-SCREWS	6.3x 조 mm stainless steel Tekscrews c/w seal washer	
PPESLL-398	Toggle Max 300	

2 MAINTENANCE

2.1 Regular Maintenance

Regular maintenance checks must be carried out at least once every twelve months, and include the following checks.

- Visual check on the condition of:
 - 1) The cable for corrosion or damage.
 - 2) The brackets and corner assemblies.
 - 3) The structure the CheckLine II is attached to.
- The operation of the trolley.

2.2 After a Fall Arrest

If a fall occurs the system must undergo a complete examination, as explained fully in section 2.3. This must include the following points.

- Replacement of all damaged or suspected damaged parts.
- Complete check that the system is restored to safe working condition.
- Record all work carried out using the supplied record sheets.

2.3 Examination

The complete system should be examined and possible causes of corrosion or deterioration in both the system and the structure it is attached to must be reported.

- If there is any reason to doubt the safety of the system being examined, then the technician examining it must ensure that alternative safety equipment is used whilst conducting the inspection.
- Attention should be paid to any signs of corrosion or damage as a result of scuffing or misuse of the system. Damage from attack by acids should also be checked. Any abnormal wear requires the cable to be replaced. Any signs of discolouration or variations of colour in the cable should be taken as a sign of possible corrosion. Particular attention should be paid to the condition of swaged attachments and they should be checked for cracking, or movement. Points where the cable enters the brackets should also be checked for cracking, bending or distortion, and signs of corrosion from within the guide tubes.
- Brackets must be checked for cracks or damage and mounting bushes, rivets or bolts should all be checked for tightness and condition.
- Ensure that the trolleys are in good condition and that the attachment mechanisms operate freely.
- Ensure the Loadcell and Damper are functioning properly. Test by pulling on the cable and check locking nuts are tightened.
- Where entry/exit gates are installed, check that the mechanism works freely and that there are no cracks or bent components.

- Where necessary clean the system and lubricate with PTFE aerosol.
- Check all user equipment on site.
- While moving along the system checking the components and the cable, a check should also be made to the structure the system is attached to. Any signs of deterioration of the building fabric should be reported as it could comprise the safety of the system.

2.4 Replacement of Damaged Parts

- Slacken the cable.
- Cut away swaged components from the cable as close to the item as possible.
- Replace the swaged component and add an additional cable connector to compensate for the reduced length.
- Reconnect the system to the end anchor points and re-tension the cable.

2.5 Examination Report

A full report of the examination should be made (using the official report sheet which lists all parts of the system with appropriate 'tick' boxes, see 3) and signed and dated by the competent person making the examination. The recommendations for repairs or replacement of parts should be included and the system should under no circumstances be used until any repair work has been completed and the system fully tested. If a system after inspection is deemed unsafe by the competent person, a "Red unsafe to use" tag must be attached to the exit/entry points.

Report sheet format:

- 1 Complete list of all parts of system with tick boxes indicating:
 - A) Good condition
 - b) Unserviceable
- 2 List of all recommendations for repair or replacement of parts
- 3 List of all work carried out
- 4 Test result
- 5 Signed and dated by a competent person

3 **EXAMINATION REPORTS**

3.1 Cable System - Periodic Examination Report

			Issue	
Site Address	5:	Building owner or main contractor:		
	J	Job No:		
System type:		System Serial No:		
		Location:	=	
		EN 795 : 1997 Class C code of practice BS7883:2005	5 (12)	
nspect:		,	, ,	
-	vices for signs of deploymen	nt		
	quality, corrosion or damag			
	terminated and no visible sign securing pins are tight and			
-		ay particular attention to resin sockets		
_	s for cracks or damage			
	hat are welded for weld inte			
	pass ITM's freely and any one measured and calibrated			
		pdate with new inspection date		
Clean and lubricate:				
Any moving parts in accordance with manufactures guidance All cables and fittings				
ystem overviev				
•		n from original design, modification,		
bstruction or mis	use.		_]	
Recommenda	ations: (please specif	y)		
Any actions to	nkani		-	
Any actions t	aken.			
PATE:	NEXT DUE DA	TE:	LDP	
SIGNED:	PRINT NAME:	No:No	2 September 1	
	For and on behalf of		N CE 3:7340	
	CHECKMATE LIFTI			
		33 😘 www.checkmateuk.con		

3.2 Anchorage Device- Periodic Examination Report

			Issue:
Site Address:		Building owner or main contractor:	
		Job No:	
Device type:		Device Location:	
		o EN 795 : 1997 Class A (Class A1 code of practice BS7883:2005	
inspect:			
Compression washed And identify for through All nuts, bolts are so All fixings to the su Area around fixings All system parts the Replace system ID	er (if applicable) is in place ough fixed devices in accord ecure, replace and Nyloc no b-structure for integrity, pa for cracks or damage at are welded for weld integ Warning disc	dance with (12.3.4) uts and re-torqued all y particular attention to resin sockets	
	12.2.3 (Clause 11) apply a ns of deformation or dama		
Check the system for bottom or misu		from original design, modification,	
Recommendat	tions: (please specify	()	ָרָ בְּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְּיִבְּיִ
DATE:	NEXT DUE DA	TE:	LUD
SIGNED:	PRINT NAME:	No:	Servery and the servery and th
		ING & SAFETY LLP	ROLL SHE
CHECKMATE	2 +44 (0) 1795 580 33	33 😘 www.checkmateuk.com	

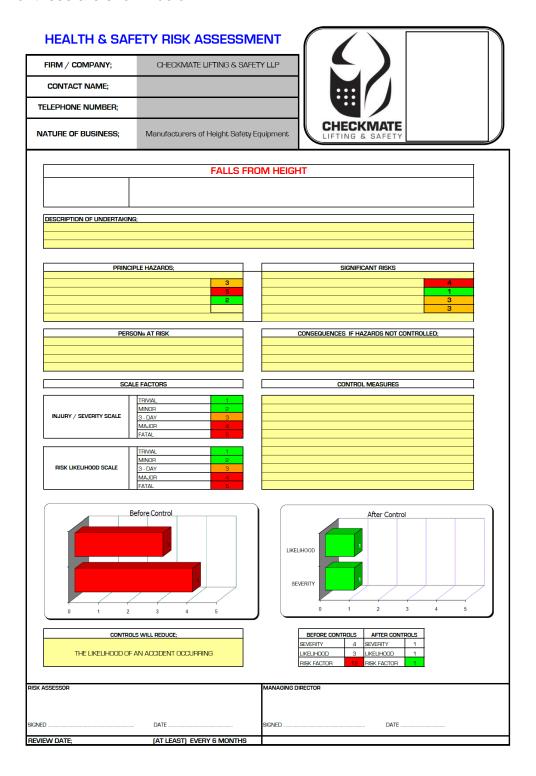
3.3 Installation Plate

	CKNATE S & S A F E T Y Intal Lifline System		
a) Always read manufacturers instructions be	fore use.		
b)System should NOT be used after a fall and	d MUST be inspected by a competent person		
or service company.			
c)The system should NOT be used if the syst	em inspection dates differ by more than 12		
months or the system fails to meet the visual inspections.			
Location			
No of systems			
Max No users	Year of manufacture		
Shock absorber required	Serial No.		
Ground clearance	Date of Install		
Inspection date			
Manufactured in the UK by Checkmate Lifting Tel: +44 (0) 1795 580 333 Fax: +44 (0)			

4 RISK ASSESSMENTS

4.1 H & S Risk Assessment Example

Before the commencement of the installation of the Checkline II system there should be a Risk Assessment and a Method Statement produced, examples of these are shown below.



REVIEW DATE;

4.2 Method Statement Example

METHOD STATEMENT FIRM / COMPANY; CHECKMATE LIFTING & SAFETY LLP CONTACT NAME; TELEPHONE NUMBER; NATURE OF BUSINESS; Manufacturers of Height Safety Equipment **FALLS FROM HEIGHT** DESCRIPTION OF UNDERTAKING; PRINCIPLE HAZARDS; SIGNIFICANT RISKS PERSONs AT RISK CONSEQUENCES IF HAZARDS NOT CONTROLLED; CONTROL MEASURES DESCRIPTION OF UNDERTAKING: RISK ASSESSOR MANAGING DIRECTOR

(AT LEAST) EVERY 6 MONTHS

6 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This manual is written to comply with the relevant British and European Standards and Codes of Practice Systems specified. Installations outside of the guidance of these standards and Codes of Practice are the responsibility of the installer.

Systems installed in countries elsewhere must be specified in accordance with the recognised Standards of that country at that time.

All parts of the system are either stainless steel or zinc coated with a powder coated paint finish.

Stainless steel can mark by handling resulting in staining of the surface later. All parts must be left in a clean condition by wiping with a bio-degradable cleaner.

Parts not supplied by Checkmate Lifting & Safety Ltd such as anchor bolts must be of a construction grade stainless steel.

To avoid bi – metallic corrosion, dissimilar metals must be isolated from each other using a non conductive barrier such as nylon or rubber.

Stainless Steel wire rope must be 7x7x8mm and have a certification of minimum breaking load 38kN. Wire rope must be **NO** smaller than 7.9mm and No bigger than 8.2mm. (Nominal 8mm.)



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